

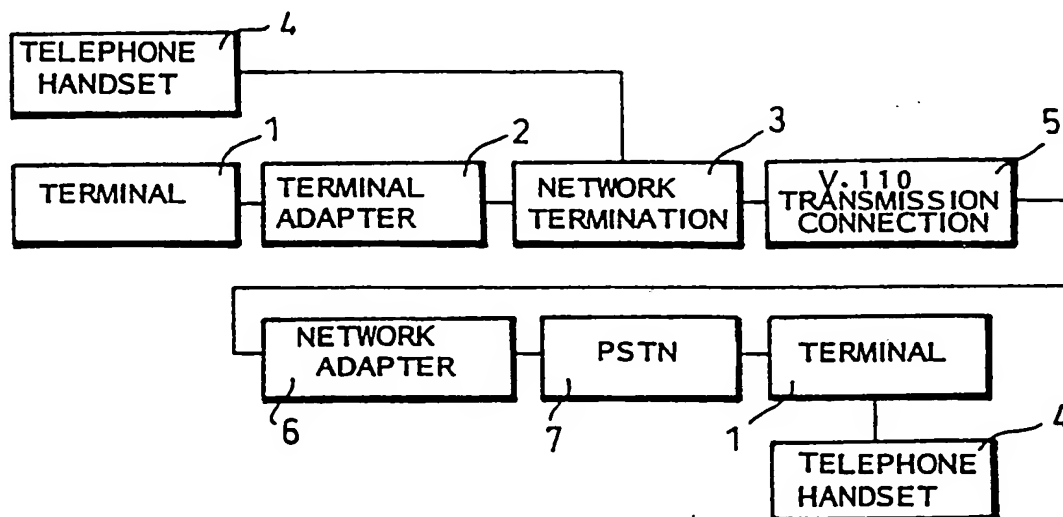


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(21) International Application Number: PCT/FI92/00177 (22) International Filing Date: 5 June 1992 (05.06.92) (30) Priority data: 912937 17 June 1991 (17.06.91) FI (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): TELENOKIA OY [FI/FI]; Mäkkylän puistotie 1, SF-02600 Espoo (FI). (72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only) : BRAX, Veikko [FI/FI]; Komendantinkuja 2 B, SF-02600 Espoo (FI). (74) Agent: OY KOLSTER AB; Stora Robertsgatan 23, P.O. Box 148, SF-00121 Helsinki (FI).		(81) Designated States: AT (European patent), AU, BE (European patent), CH (European patent), DE (European patent), DK (European patent), ES (European patent), FR (European patent), GB, GB (European patent), GR (European patent), IT (European patent), JP, LU (European patent), MC (European patent), NL (European patent), NO, SE (European patent), US. Published With international search report. In English translation (filed in Finnish).	

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(54) Title: METHOD FOR HANDLING OF A CALL COMING TO A TERMINAL EQUIPMENT IN A DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, AND A MOBILE TELEPHONE



(57) Abstract

The invention relates to a method for handling a call coming via a digital transmission system (5, 6, 7) in terminal equipment (1, 2, 3, 4) suitable for speech and data service, the transmission system comprising at least one connection element (5) which is a speech transmission connection when the call is in speech service mode and which is a data transmission connection rate-adapted in compliance with the CCITT recommendation V.110 or in a like manner and preferably attached to V.24 interfaces when the call is in data service mode. In accordance with the invention, the terminal equipment (1, 2, 3, 4) starts the connection in speech service mode and automatically changes over to data service mode and initiates a procedure for changing said at least one connection element to a data transmission connection upon receipt, in speech mode, of a predetermined audio signal from the connection. The invention also relates to a mobile telephone embodying the method.

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Method for handling of a call coming to a terminal equipment in a digital transmission system, and a mobile telephone.

5 The invention relates to a method for handling a call coming to terminal equipment suitable for speech and data service particularly in a digital transmission system, the transmission system comprising at least one connection element which is a speech transmission connection when the call is in speech service mode and
10 which is a data transmission connection rate-adapted in compliance with the CCITT recommendation V.110 or in a like manner and preferably attached to V.24 interfaces when the call is in data transmission mode.

15 In a GSM PLMN mobile telephone network, for instance, the radio connection between the mobile telephone and the fixed network will in data transmission be a V.110 rate-adapted UDI-coded digital connection attached to V.24 interfaces, and in speech
20 transmission a PCM-coded digital connection. ISDN and GSM PLMN subscriber signalling will include an In-Call Modification procedure, by which the speech connection can, if required, be changed to a V.110 rate-adapted data connection and vice versa, an unlimited number of
25 times. In a system of this kind, the terminal equipment may comprise, for instance, a telephone handset connected to a network termination (mobile telephone) or integrated in a data terminal for telephonic conversations and a data terminal adapted for a V.110 rate-
30 adapted full-duplex connection by a terminal adapter.

 Such terminal equipment suitable for both data and speech service include the Telefax Group 3 terminal equipment and personal computer telecommunications software which is adapted by means of a terminal
35 adapter of a mobile telephone for instance to V.110

rate-adapted GSM PLMN radio connection.

5 The terminal devices of the Telefax Group 3
heretofore have not comprised a V.24 interface, but
they have always utilized a modem interface and a 2-
wire line (modem connection through a telephone net-
work, for instance). As the same transmission line has
in that case been able to transmit both modem signal-
ling and speech, the terminal devices have been able to
perform the transition from data service to speech
10 service, for instance, in compliance with the service
management protocol of the OSI layers 4 to 7 (for
example CCITT T.30 or T.4) used in each case, without
any need for the intermediate transmission network to
have knowledge of the change of service mode or to
15 react to such a change by altering the configuration of
the transmission connection in any way. The service to
be utilized has been manually selected from the ter-
minal equipment. An incoming call to the terminal
equipment has been started directly from this selected
20 service.

In the GSM PLM, the control of an incoming call
to terminal equipment has been so arranged that a
mobile telephone whereto a data terminal is also
attached selects speech or data service for the call by
25 one of the following means:

1) The system has one catalogue number for each
mobile telephone, the GSM PLMN connection being set up
on the basis of the Bearer Capability (BC) information
conveyed by the SETUP message sent. The BC specifies
30 which service the connection is set up for.

2) The system has one catalogue number for each
service of a mobile telephone, the GSMN PLMN connection
being set up on the basis of the catalogue number of
the service.

35 The first of the above-stated call control modes

functions faultlessly if the GSM system is connected to the public switched telephone network (PSTN) wherein ISDN signalling ISUP (CCITT recommendations Q.721-Q.725) capable of transmitting a BC is employed. However, during the initial years GSM mobile telephone networks will have to be connected to the PSTN for instance by means of interexchange common channel signalling TUP (CCITT recommendations Q.761-Q.765) which is not at all capable of transmitting a BC, in which case the latter call control mode should be employed. In certain countries, however, the numbering plans for telephone networks may be so restricted that also in this case the GSMN PLMN can only be numbered by assigning one catalogue number to each mobile telephone. In such a case, the problem resides in how terminal equipment suitable for speech and data service can respond to an incoming call with the correct service.

It is the object of the invention to remove this problem.

This is achieved with the method of the invention for handling a call coming via a digital transmission system in terminal equipment capable of speech and data service, when the transmission system comprises at least one connection element which is a normal speech transmission connection when the call is in speech service mode and which is a data transmission connection rate-adapted in compliance with the CCITT recommendation V.110 or in a like manner and attached to V.24 interfaces when the call is in data service mode. In the method, the terminal equipment starts the connection in speech service mode and automatically changes over to data service mode and initiates a procedure for changing said at least one connection element to a data transmission connection upon receipt,

in speech mode, of a predetermined audio signal from the connection.

5 The invention also relates to a method for handling an incoming call to terminal equipment suitable for speech and data service in a digital transmission system, the method being characterized in that the incoming call is set up in such a way that said at least one connection element is in speech transmission mode, and that said at least one connection element is changed from speech transmission mode to data transmission mode by a procedure started by the terminal equipment upon receipt of a predetermined audio signal from the connection element during the speech service.

15 The invention also relates to a mobile telephone for a digital mobile telephone system, in which system the radio connection between the mobile telephone and the fixed transmission network is a normal speech connection when the mobile telephone is in speech mode, and a data transmission connection rate-adapted in compliance with the CCITT recommendation V.110 or in a like manner when the mobile telephone is in data mode, the mobile telephone comprising a radio unit including a transceiver and channel coder means; a telephone set; 20 a terminal adapter adapting a V.24 or similar interface for said radio connection when the mobile telephone is in data mode; and change-over means wherewith the radio unit can be connected either to the telephone set or to the terminal adapter. The mobile telephone is characterized in that it further comprises control means for controlling the change-over means to automatically connect the radio unit to the terminal adapter in response to reception of a predetermined audio signal from the speech connection when the radio unit is connected to 30 the telephone set.

35

In the invention, both the transmission system and the terminal equipment start the connection with speech service in the case of an incoming call. If also the calling subscriber is in speech service (tele-
5 phone), the call is continued in the normal way. If, on the other hand, the calling subscriber is a data terminal calling from the PSTN and using a modem, for instance, its modem transmits a standard ringing tone or an equivalent audio signal. In the invention, the
10 terminal equipment includes recognition of such a tone, resulting in initiation of the change of the terminal equipment and the transmission connection to data service. With the invention, the terminal equipment can automatically respond to an incoming call with the
15 correct service without any non-standard supplementary functions being required in the transmission system.

The invention will now be described in more detail by means of exemplifying embodiments with reference to the attached drawings, in which

20 Figures 1A and 1B show systems according to the invention, in which terminal devices are interconnected through a V.110 connection only, and through a V.110 connection and a transit network respectively,

Figure 2 is a signalling diagram illustrating
25 the setup of an incoming call in accordance with the invention and the change of service mode in the case of a V.110 connection employed in a GSM PLMN system (digital mobile telephone system), and

Figure 3 is a block diagram illustrating a
30 mobile telephone in accordance with the invention.

As shown for example in Figures 1A and 1B, the terminal equipment of the system according to the invention may comprise a telephone handset 4 connected to a network termination 3 or integrated in a data
35 terminal 1 for telephonic conversations, and a data

terminal 1 adapted for a V.110 rate-adapted full-duplex connection by a terminal adapter 2. The V.110 connection described in this context is a digital transmission channel initially developed for ISDN (Integrated Services Data Network) technology, and it can be
5 attached to a V.24 interface and offers a possibility of transferring V.24 states (control signals). The invention can, however, also be applied to other transmission channels which are similar to the V.110 connection and capable of transferring V.24 states. An
10 example of such transmission channels is the CCITT recommendation V.120, which is being developed.

The CCITT recommendation for a V.110 rate-adapted connection is set forth in the publication
15 CCITT Blue Book: V.110.

The CCITT recommendation for a V.24 interface is set forth in the publication CCITT Blue Book: V.24. In the description hereinbelow, V.24 states refer to control signals in the V.24 interface, such as CT105,
20 CT106, CT107, CT108.2 and CT109.

As shown in Figure 1B, the terminal equipment may be interconnected solely through a V.110 rate-adapted network, i.e. for instance ISDN or GSM PLMN.

Alternatively, as shown in Figure 1A, the terminal equipment may be interconnected through a transit
25 network 7 (PSTN) in addition to the V.110 connection, in which case a network adapter 6 is provided between the V.110 connection and the transit network. There are several possibilities for transit networks, e.g.:

- 30 - from GSM PLMN through PSTN to GSM PLMN with a modem as the network adapter 6,
- from GSM PLMN to the terminal equipment of PSTN with a modem as the network adapter,
- from ISDN through PSTN to ISDN with a modem as
35 the network adapter 6,

- from ISDN to terminal equipment of PSTN with a modem as the network adapter 6,

5 - from GSM PLMN through ISDN to GSM PLMN with mere synchronization and user data rate adapting as the network adapter 6.

10 Terminal equipment suitable for both data and speech service mode include the Telefax Group 3 terminal device or the personal computer telecommunication software, which is adapted by a terminal adapter for instance for an ISDN V.110 rate-adapted 64 kbit/s UDI bearer service or a GSM PLMN 9.6/4.8/2.4 kbit/s UDI bearer service. The terminal device may be full-duplex or half-duplex, and it comprises a standard or non-standard terminal session protocol corresponding to the
15 OSI layers 4 to 7 for the management and use of speech/data services. The network termination is thus e.g. NT in ISDN or MT2 in GSM PLMN. Examples of such service procedures corresponding to the OSI layers 4 to 7 are the CCITT recommendations T.4 and T.30, which are found
20 in the publications CCITT Blue Book: T.4 and CCITT Blue Book: T.30.

 In the following, the invention will be described by means of an exemplary system in which the
25 handshaking of the Telefax Group 3 terminal devices in compliance with the CCITT recommendation T.30 is adapted to GSM PLMN, using PSTN as a transit network 7 as well as a modem-based network adapter 6.

 As illustrated in Figures 2 and 3, the subsystems of the GSM PLMN telecopier service comprise mobile
30 terminal equipment 31, 32 and 33 and a network adapter 6 for the public switched telephone network (PSTN), as shown by Figure 2. The network adapter for PSTN comprises a transmission rate adapter (RA) and a telefax network adapter (Fax-IWU). Fax-IWU is half-duplex in
35 the direction towards the 2-wire connection of the

PLMN, but full-duplex towards the GSM PLMN.

The mobile unit is constituted by a telefax terminal (Fax-TE) 31, a telefax terminal adapter (Fax-TA) 32, and a mobile telephone (radiotelephone) (MS) 33.

The telefax terminal adapter 32 is an adapter complying with GSM 03.45, being half-duplex towards the 2-wire connection 54, but full-duplex towards the mobile telephone 33. The telefax terminal adapter 32 comprises a handshaking adapter 50, attached to a V.24 interface 53 of the terminal adapter 37 by means of an I/O circuit 48 and to a modem unit 51 by means of another I/O circuit 49. The modem unit 51 comprises three different modems, one for each of the standards V.21, V.27ter and V.29. Each modem is connected to the same 2-wire line 54 to which the modem of the telefax terminal 31 is also connected, so that there is a modem connection between the adapter 32 and the terminal 31. The telefax terminal adapter selects for each connection one of the three modems as a result of the handshake with the telefax terminal 31. The telefax terminal 31 is a standard PSTN terminal device.

The mobile telephone 33 comprises a radio unit 36, call control 39, a user interface 40 (for instance a keyboard and display), mobility control 41 for the mobile telephone, radio path control (signalling functions) 42, and a terminal adapter 37 providing a V.24 interface. The call control of the transparent telecopier services of GSM PLMN is specified in the GSM recommendation 03.45.

The radio unit 36 comprises for instance a radio transceiver 44 connected to an antenna 55, and a channel coder and decoder unit 43. The unit 43 can be connected by means of a change-over unit 38 either to the telephone set, which comprises for example a speech

codec 56 and a handset 34, or to a terminal adapter.

The terminal adapter 37 comprises a unit 46 performing the rate adaptation of the V.24 connection for a CCITT V.110 rate-adapted data transmission connection. The unit 46 is attached to the change-over switch 38 by means of an I/O circuit 45 and to the telefax adapter 32 by means of an I/O circuit 47 constituting a V.24 interface 53.

The mobile telephone service mode (speech or data) is selected with the call control 39 controlling the change-over switch 38. In current mobile telephones, the call control 39 selects the service mode either on the basis of the Bearer Capacity data sent along with the SETUP message or on the basis of a command given by the user through the user interface 40.

In accordance with the invention, the mobile telephone is also provided with detector means monitoring the audio signal received from the speech connection when the mobile telephone is in speech mode towards the telephone set. Upon detecting that the received signal is a call signal sent by a modem (typically a 1300 Hz sine-wave signal), for instance, these detector means generate a control signal 57. The call control 39 reacts to the control signal 57 by directing the change-over switch 38 to change its mode, as a result of which the telephone set is disconnected from the radio unit 36 and the terminal adapter 37 is connected to the radio unit 36. The detector means may be located for instance in the channel decoder unit 43 of the radio unit. Alternatively, the detector means may also be located in the speech signal processing stages, for example in the speech codec 56. The detector means can be realized in many ways obvious as such to one skilled in the art, such as a frequency detector cir-

cuit.

The signalling diagram of Figure 2 illustrates the switching of a call from a public switched telephone network to the mobile telephone 33. The GSMN PLMN network establishes the connection, starting with speech service and a speech connection, transmitting to the terminal equipment or to the mobile telephone a SETUP message initially containing Bearer Capability data in the sequence speech and data, in which situation the mobile telephone is also in speech mode. If the calling subscriber in the public switched telephone network is a telephone, there is a conventional speech connection between the end users whereby PCM-coded speech is transmitted, and the change-over switch 38 maintains the radio unit 36 connected to the telephone set. If, however, the calling subscriber is a data terminal using a modem (for instance a telecopier), its modem sends a ringing tone in the audio range (for instance 1300 Hz) in the normal way in accordance with standard V.25bis. Since there is a speech connection between the calling subscriber and the mobile telephone 33, the ringing tone sent by the calling subscriber is transmitted to the mobile telephone 33, and the ringing tone detecting function included in the mobile telephone in accordance with the invention executes, upon receipt and recognition of the ringing tone, the connection of the radio unit 36 to the terminal adapter, upon which the mobile telephone 33 (terminal adapter 37) receives the ringing tone and in recognition of said ringing tone sets the V.24 signal CT125 to ON for the telefax terminal 31 through the modem connection established by the V.24 interface 53 and the telefax terminal adapter 32. The telefax terminal 31 is connected to the line in the conventional way for instance by means of a V.25bis command, in which situation it

responds for instance by setting the V.24 signal CT108.2 to ON. Consequent upon this V.24 status, the terminal adapter 37 requests the call control 39 to initiate a standard In-Call Modification procedure changing the PLMN speech connection to a rate-adapted data connection in compliance with V.110. In connection with the setup of the data connection, the network adapter FAX-IWU is connected to the line, and its modem transmits a called tone (2100 Hz) to the calling subscriber. The special feature of the invention is that the ringing tone sent by the calling subscriber is recognized by the mobile telephone 33, even though the modem used by the mobile telephone during data transmission is in the network adapter FAX-IWU.

The current Telecopier Group 3 devices are intended for connection to a 2-wire line through a modem. However, it is possible to provide the telefax terminal 31 with a V.24 interface in compliance with the GSM PLMN standard, through which the terminal device is directly attached to the terminal adapter 37 of the mobile telephone.

The drawings and the description pertaining thereto are only intended to illustrate the invention. In its details, the invention may vary within the scope of the accompanying claims. For example, the mobile telephone may alarm for each incoming call a few times first and only thereafter proceed to the function in accordance with the invention. Further, the mobile telephone may, when performing the function in accordance with the invention, transmit a previously stored oral message, so that the possible calling person will not be puzzled by the silent connection and hang up. This message may also be a message of an automatic telephone answering machine connected to the mobile telephone.

Claims:

1. A method for handling a call coming via a digital transmission system in terminal equipment suitable for speech and data service, the transmission system comprising at least one connection element which is a speech transmission connection when the call is in speech service mode and which is a data transmission connection rate-adapted in compliance with the CCITT recommendation V.110 or in a like manner and preferably attached to V.24 interfaces when the call is in data service mode, characterized in that the terminal equipment starts the connection in speech service mode and automatically changes over to data service mode and initiates a procedure for changing said at least one connection element to a data transmission connection upon receipt, in speech mode, of a predetermined audio signal from the connection.

2. A method for handling an incoming call to terminal equipment suitable for speech and data service in a digital transmission system comprising at least one connection element which is a normal speech transmission connection when the call is in speech service mode and which is a data transmission connection rate-adapted in compliance with the CCITT recommendation V.110 or in a like manner and preferably attached to V.24 interfaces when the call is in data service mode, characterized in that the incoming call is set up in such a way that said at least one connection element is in speech transmission mode, and that said at least one connection element is changed from speech transmission mode to data transmission mode by a procedure started by the terminal equipment upon receipt of a predetermined audio signal from the connection during the speech service.

3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, characterized in that said predetermined audio signal is a modem ringing tone.

5 4. A mobile telephone (33) for a digital mobile telephone system wherein the radio connection (PLMN) between the mobile telephone and a fixed transmission network is a speech connection when the mobile telephone is in speech mode and a data transmission connection rate-adapted in compliance with the CCITT V.110
10 recommendation or in a like manner when the mobile telephone is in data mode, the mobile telephone comprising

a radio unit (36) including a transceiver (44) and channel coder means (43),

15 a telephone set (34, 56),

a terminal adapter (37) adapting a V.24 or similar interface (53) for said radio connection when the mobile telephone is in data mode, and

20 change-over means (38) wherewith the radio unit (44) can be connected either to the telephone set (34, 56) or to the terminal adapter (37),

characterized in that the mobile telephone further comprises

25 control means (39, 57) for controlling the change-over means (38) to automatically connect the radio unit (44) to the terminal adapter (37) in response to reception of a predetermined audio signal from the speech connection when the radio unit is connected to the telephone set (34, 56).

30 5. A mobile telephone as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that the predetermined audio signal is a modem ringing tone, for instance 1300 Hz.

35 6. A mobile telephone as claimed in claim 4 or claim 5, characterized in that the

control means comprise means located in the radio unit (44) for recognition of said audio signal.

5 7. A mobile telephone as claimed in claim 6, characterized in that the means for recognition of the audio signal is included in the channel codec (43) or the speech codec (56) of the telephone set.

10 8. A mobile telephone as claimed in any one of claims 4 to 7, characterized in that the terminal adapter (37) is connected through said V.24 or similar interface (53) to a data terminal (31) either directly or via a supplementary adapter (32).

15 9. A mobile telephone as claimed in claim 8, characterized in that said supplementary adapter (37) comprises at least one modem (51), and that there is a modem connection between the supplementary adapter (32) and the data terminal (31).

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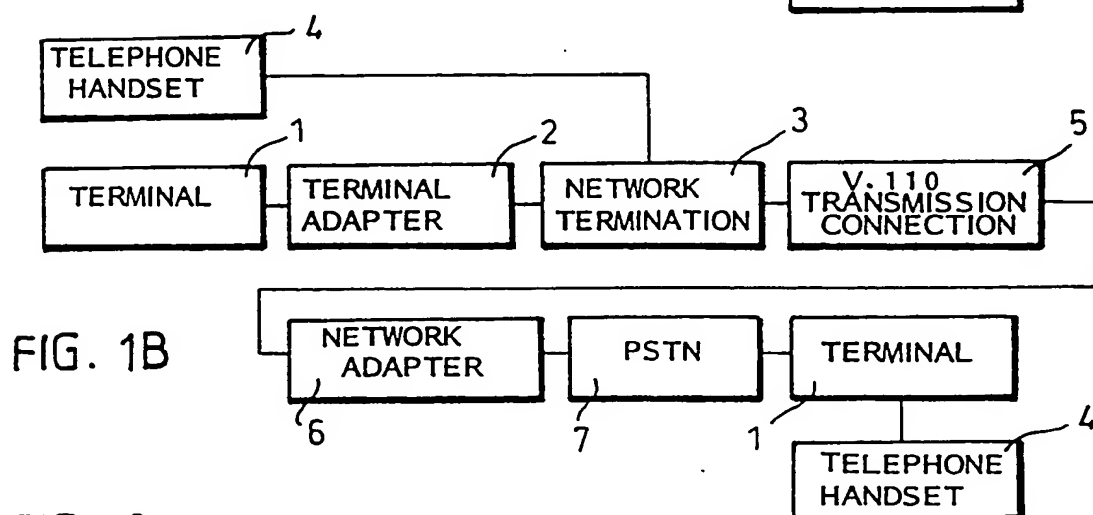
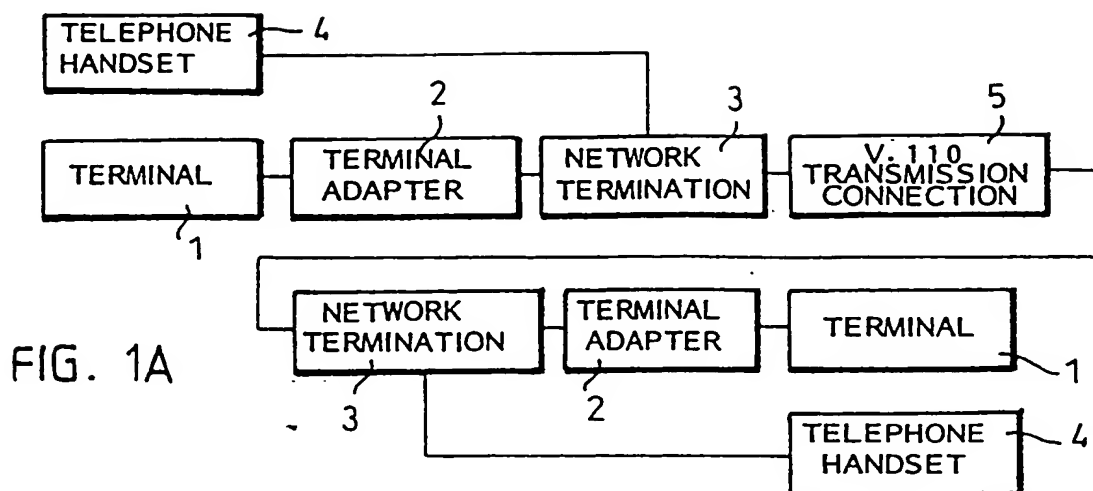
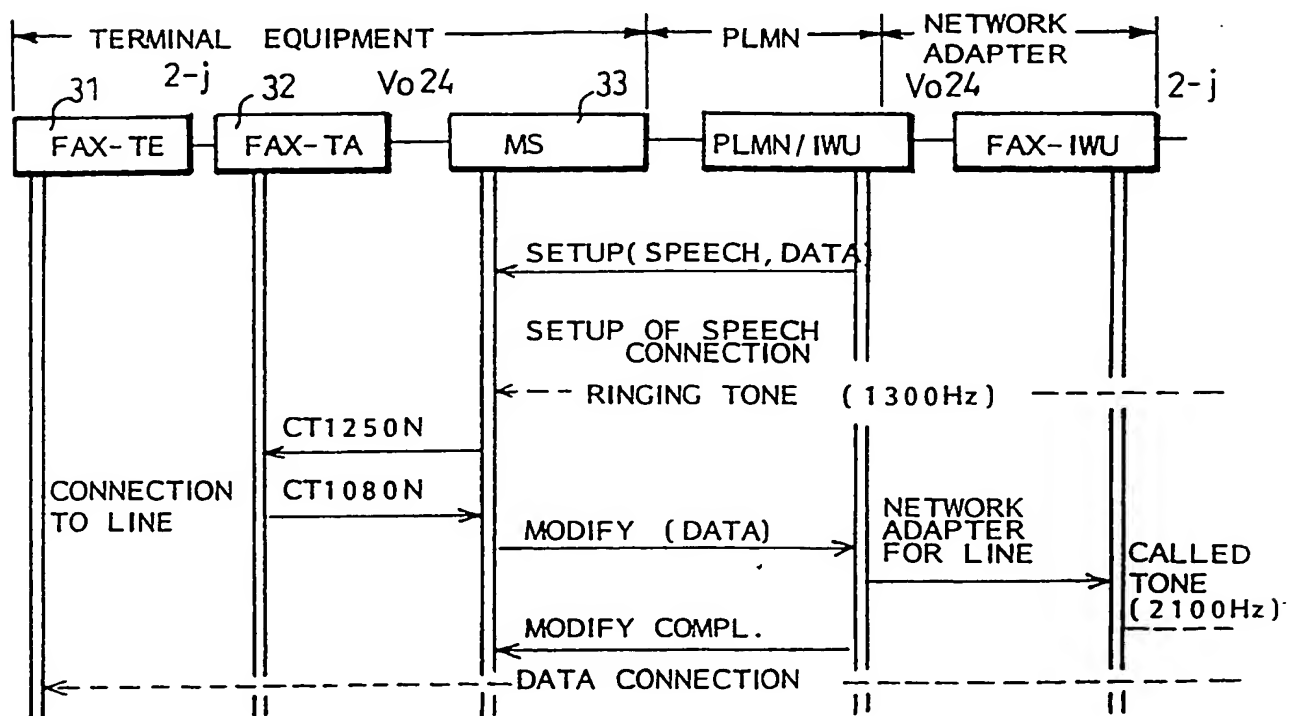


FIG. 2



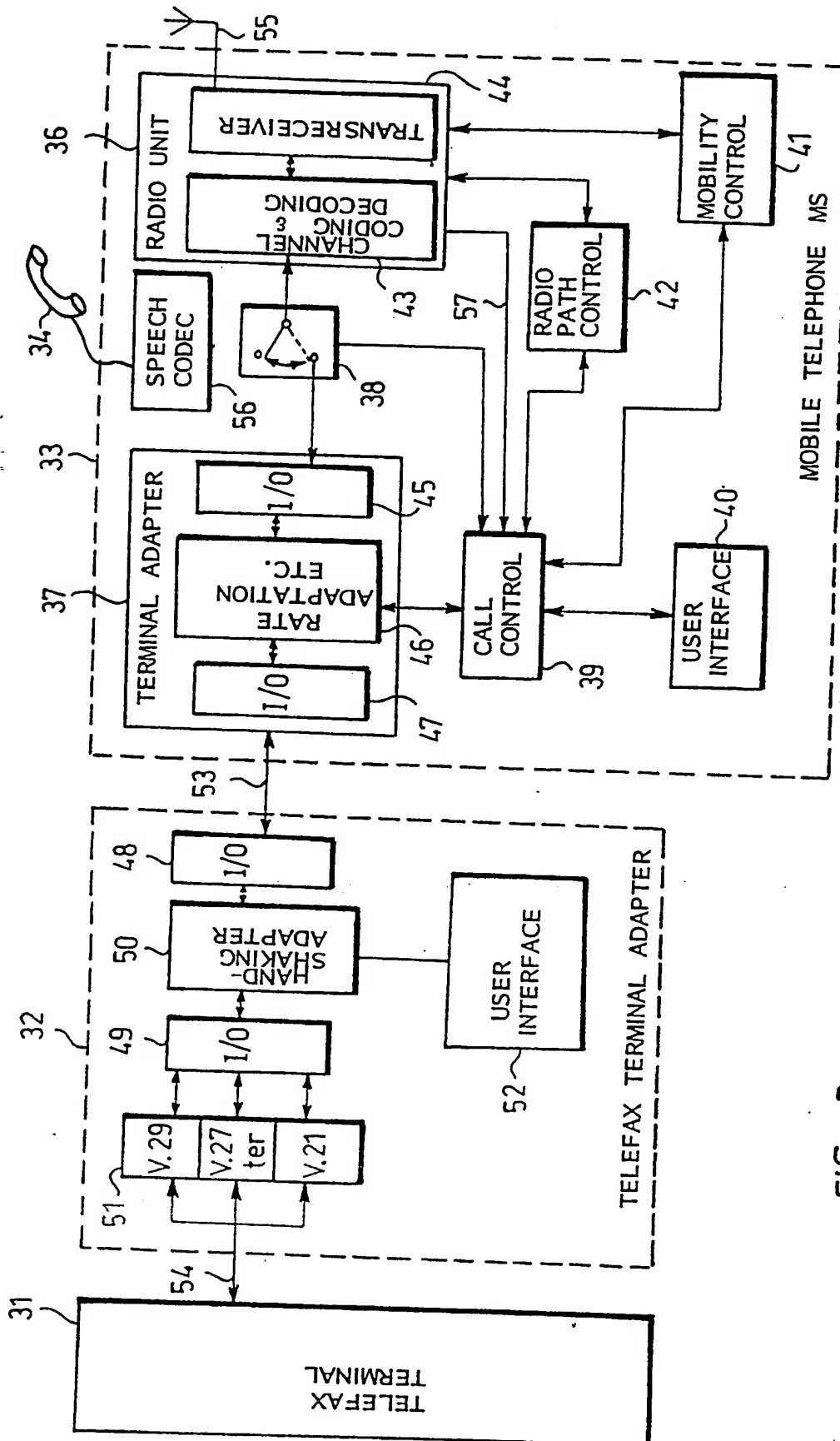


FIG. 3

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/FI 92/00177

I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification symbols apply, indicate all) ⁵ According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC IPC5: H 04 M 11/06																	
II. FIELDS SEARCHED <div style="text-align: center; border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">Minimum Documentation Searched⁷</div> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width: 20%; border: 1px solid black;">Classification System</th> <th style="border: 1px solid black;">Classification Symbols</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; height: 40px; vertical-align: top;">IPC5</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; vertical-align: top;">H 04 M, H 04 B</td> </tr> </table> <div style="text-align: center; border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: 1px solid black;">Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in Fields Searched⁸</div> <p>SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above</p>			Classification System	Classification Symbols	IPC5	H 04 M, H 04 B											
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III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT⁹ <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%; border: 1px solid black;">Category¹⁰</th> <th style="border: 1px solid black;">Citation of Document,¹¹ with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages¹²</th> <th style="width: 10%; border: 1px solid black;">Relevant to Claim No.¹³</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">A</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; vertical-align: top;">EP, A2, 0318661 (KABUSHIKI KAISHA TOSHIBA) 7 June 1989, see the whole document --</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">1-2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">A</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; vertical-align: top;">EP, A2, 0392816 (UNIVERSAL DATA SYSTEMS, INC.) 17 October 1990, see the whole document --</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">1-2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">A</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; vertical-align: top;">US, A, 5022071 (F.S. MOZER ET AL) 4 June 1991, see the whole document --</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">1-2</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">A</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; vertical-align: top;">US, A, 4881129 (Y. MITSUHASHI) 14 November 1989, see the whole document -- -----</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; text-align: center; vertical-align: top;">3-9</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Category ¹⁰	Citation of Document, ¹¹ with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages ¹²	Relevant to Claim No. ¹³	A	EP, A2, 0318661 (KABUSHIKI KAISHA TOSHIBA) 7 June 1989, see the whole document --	1-2	A	EP, A2, 0392816 (UNIVERSAL DATA SYSTEMS, INC.) 17 October 1990, see the whole document --	1-2	A	US, A, 5022071 (F.S. MOZER ET AL) 4 June 1991, see the whole document --	1-2	A	US, A, 4881129 (Y. MITSUHASHI) 14 November 1989, see the whole document -- -----	3-9
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A	US, A, 4881129 (Y. MITSUHASHI) 14 November 1989, see the whole document -- -----	3-9															
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>* Special categories of cited documents:¹⁰</p> <p>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p> </div> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance, the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance, the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.</p> <p>"&" document member of the same patent family</p> </div> </div>																	
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**ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO. PCT/FI 92/00177**

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The members are as contained in the Swedish Patent Office EDP file on 28/08/92
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Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP-A2- 0318661	89-06-07	JP-A- 1144761 US-A- 5073921	89-06-07 91-12-17
EP-A2- 0392816	90-10-17	NONE	
US-A- 5022071	91-06-04	NONE	
US-A- 4881129	89-11-14	JP-A- 1219242	89-09-01

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